



Standard Specification for Niobium and Niobium Alloy Ingots¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers unalloyed and alloyed niobium ingots prepared by vacuum- or plasma-arc melting or electron-beam melting to produce consolidated metal for processing to various mill shapes.

NOTE 1—Committee B10 has adopted “niobium” as the designation for Element No. 41, formerly named “columbium.”

1.2 The materials covered by this specification are:

1.2.1 R04200-Type 1—Reactor grade unalloyed niobium,

1.2.2 R04210-Type 2—Commercial grade unalloyed niobium,

1.2.3 R04251-Type 3—Reactor grade niobium alloy containing 1 % zirconium, and

1.2.4 R04261-Type 4—Commercial grade niobium alloy containing 1 % zirconium.

1.3 Unless a single unit is used, for example force for hardness testing in kN, the values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.4 *The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portions of this specification: This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

E 10 Test Method for Brinell Hardness of Metallic Materials²

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications³

3. Ordering Information

3.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information, as applicable:

3.1.1 ASTM standard number and year of issue,

3.1.2 Type (see 1.2),

3.1.3 Quantity in weight or pieces,

3.1.4 Size, diameter and length,

3.1.5 Chemistry (see 5.2),

3.1.6 Hardness (see 6.2),

3.1.7 Permissible overshipment (see 7.1),

3.1.8 Quality and finish (see 8.2 and 8.6),

3.1.9 Sampling (Section 9)

3.1.10 Packaging (Section 16), and

3.1.11 Required reports (Section 14).

4. Materials and Manufacture

4.1 The ingot metal for all four types may be vacuum or plasma arc melted, vacuum electron-beam melted, or any combination of these three methods.

5. Chemical Requirements

5.1 The finished ingot shall conform to the requirements for chemical composition as prescribed in Table 1.

5.2 Analysis for elements not listed in Table 1 and not normally expected in niobium shall not be required unless specified at time of purchase.

6. Hardness

6.1 The maximum Brinell hardness shall conform to the requirements specified in Table 2.

6.2 If the hardness test impressions on the ingot side wall would be detrimental to subsequent fabrication, the hardness test requirements may be waived or changed as mutually agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

7. Permissible Variations

7.1 *Quantity*—For orders requiring up to 100 lb (45.4 kg) of ingots, the manufacturer may overship up to a maximum of 20 %. For orders up to and including 1000 lb (454 kg), the manufacturer may overship up to a maximum of 10 %. The permissible overshipment shall be negotiated for orders larger than 1000 lb (454 kg).

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² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 03.01.

³ Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

TABLE 1 Chemical Requirements

Element	Type 1 (Reactor Grade Unalloyed Niobium) R04200	Type 2 (Commercial Grade Unalloyed Niobium) R04210	Type 3 (Reactor Grade Niobium–1 % Zirconium) R04251	Type 4 (Commercial Grade Niobium–1 % Zirconium) R04261
Max Weight % (Except Where Otherwise Specified)				
Each Ingot:				
Carbon	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Nitrogen	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Oxygen	0.015	0.025	0.015	0.025
Hydrogen	0.0015	0.0015	0.0015	0.0015
Zirconium	0.02	0.02	0.8 to 1.2 (range)	0.8 to 1.2 (range)
Tantalum	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.5
Iron	0.005	0.01	0.005	0.01
Silicon	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Tungsten	0.03	0.05	0.03	0.05
Nickel	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Molybdenum	0.010	0.020	0.010	0.050
Hafnium	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Titanium	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03
When Specified:				
Boron	2 ppm	...	2 ppm	...
Aluminum	0.002	0.005	0.002	0.005
Beryllium	0.005	...	0.005	...
Chromium	0.002	...	0.002	...
Cobalt	0.002	...	0.002	...

TABLE 2 Brinell Hardness

	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4
Maximum average	90	125	125	135
Maximum per individual impression	105	150	140	150

8. Quality and Finish

8.1 The manufacturer shall use care to have each lot of ingot material as uniform in quality as possible.

8.2 When specified, the ingots shall be conditioned on the surface to standards agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser.

8.3 Subsequent fabrication will be permitted. The difference between the maximum and minimum radius of the conditioned ingot shall not exceed 20 % of the maximum radius. Lands, grooves, and local depressions shall be blended to a maximum angle of 30° to the axis of the ingot.

8.4 Each ingot shall be tested for soundness by nondestructive test methods, such as dye penetrant or ultrasonic tests. Methods and acceptance standards shall be as mutually agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

8.5 Defects in the ingots that exceed the acceptance standards shall be removed by cropping or surface conditioning, whichever is appropriate. The manufacturer shall be permitted to remove surface imperfections provided that after such removal the requirements of conditioning are met (8.2).

8.6 The ingots shall be free of imperfections that would be deemed injurious by the standards of acceptability agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

9. Sampling

9.1 Care shall be exercised to ensure that the sample selected for testing is representative of the material and that it is not contaminated by the sampling procedure. If there is any

question relating to the sampling techniques or to the analysis thereof, the methods for sampling and analysis shall be as agreed upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

10. Number of Tests and Retests

10.1 Each ingot shall be tested for chemical composition and hardness.

10.2 If any sample or specimen exhibits obvious surface contamination or improper preparation, disqualifying it as a truly representative sample, it shall be discarded and a new sample or specimen substituted.

10.3 In case of failure, retest two additional specimens. If both specimens conform to this specification, discard the original values and consider the material acceptable; otherwise the ingot shall be rejected or reworked and retested.

10.4 Take individual hardness readings on the ingot side-wall along the full length of the ingot to within 5 in. of each end. Spacing between indentations shall not exceed two ingot diameters.

11. Significance of Numerical Limits

11.1 For the purpose of determining compliance with the specified limits for requirements of the properties listed in the following tables, an observed value or a calculated value shall be rounded as indicated in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E 29.

12. Test Method

12.1 Determine Brinell hardness by Test Method E 10, except, using a load of 4.9 kN with a 10-mm ball.

13. Rejection and Rehearing

13.1 Material that fails to conform to the requirements of this specification may be rejected. Rejection shall be reported to the producer or supplier promptly and in writing. In case of

dissatisfaction with the results of the test, the producer or supplier may make claim for a rehearing.

13.2 In the event of disagreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser on the conformance of the material to the requirements of this specification or any special test specified by the purchaser, a mutually acceptable referee shall perform the tests in question. The results of the referee's testing shall be used in determining conformance of the material to this specification.

14. Certification

14.1 When specified in the purchase order or contract, a producer's or supplier's certification shall be furnished to the purchaser that the material was manufactured, sampled, tested, and inspected in accordance with the specification and has been found to meet the requirements. When specified in the purchase order or contract, a report of the test results shall be furnished.

15. Product Marking

15.1 Each ingot shall be marked for identification by metal die stamping the manufacturer's ingot number on the top of the ingot. Each box or skid shall be marked or tabbed legibly and conspicuously with the number, type of material, ingot number(s), manufacturer's identification, nominal size, and the gross, net, and tare weights.

16. Packaging and Package Marking

16.1 Unless otherwise specified, material purchased under this specification must be boxed or banded on skids in such a manner as to secure safe delivery to their destination when properly transported by any common carrier.

17. Keywords

17.1 niobium; niobium alloy ingots

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