



Standard Specification for Uniform Test Methods and Frequency¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation B 830; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers a standard basis for uniform testing and frequency to determine physical and electrical compliance for aluminum and copper drawing stock, and aluminum and copper conductors.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are standard, with the exception of resistivity. The SI equivalents of inch-pound units may be approximate.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.

2.2 ASTM Standards:

E 29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications²

2.3 Other Documents:

National Bureau of Standards Handbook 100, Copper Wire Tables³

Canadian Standards Association CAN/CSA-ISO 9000-1-94 Quality Management Quality Assurance Standards Part 1: Guidelines for Selection and Use⁴

2.4 ANSI Standards:

ANSI/ISO/ASQC A3534-1-1993 Statistics-Vocabulary and Symbols-Probability and General Statistical Terms⁵

ANSI/ISO/ASQC A3534-2-1993 Statistics-Vocabulary and Symbols-Statistical Quality Control⁵

ANSI/ISO/ASQC Q9004-1-1994 Quality Management and Quality System Elements-Guidelines⁵

ANSI/ASQC C1-1996 Specification of General Requirements for a Quality Program⁵

ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes⁵

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.1.1 *acceptable quality level (AQL)*—the maximum percent nonconforming (or the maximum number of nonconformities per hundred units) that, for purposes of sampling inspection, can be considered as a process average.

3.1.2 *average outgoing quality (AOQ)*—the average quality of outgoing product, including all accepted lots or batches, plus all lots or batches not accepted after such lots or batches have been effectively 100 % inspected and all nonconforming units replaced by conforming units.

CPK—Process Performance Index.

3.1.3.1 Discussion—

Capability in Relation to Spec Mean:

USL	=	5.0
LSL	=	1.0
MEAN	=	2.0
Standard deviation (σ)	=	0.5

CPK tells the capability of a process based upon the worst case view of the data.

The equation is:

CPK = the lesser of:

$$\frac{(USL - MEAN)}{3\sigma} \text{ or } \frac{(MEAN - LSL)}{3\sigma} \quad (1)$$

For example:

$$CPK = \frac{(5.0 - 2.0)}{1.5} \text{ or } \frac{(2.0 - 1.0)}{1.5} \quad (2)$$

$$= 2.0 \text{ or } 0.67$$

$$= 0.67$$

A negative value for CPK indicates that the mean is outside the specification limits. A CPK of zero indicates that the mean is equal to one of the specification limits. A CPK between 0 and 1.0 means that part of the 6 sigma limits falls outside the specification limits. A CPK of 1.0 means that one end of the 6

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 on Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.02 on Methods of Test and Sampling Procedure.

Current edition approved Oct. 1, 2003. Published October 2003. Originally approved in 1993. Last previous edition approved in 1997 as B 830 – 97.

² Annual Book of ASTM Standards, Vol 14.02.

³ Available from National Technical Information Service (NTIS), U.S. Department of Commerce, 5285 Port Royal Rd., Springfield, VA 22161.

⁴ Available from Canadian Standards Association (CSA), 178 Rexdale Blvd., Toronto, ON Canada M9W1R3.

⁵ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036.

sigma limits falls on a specification limit. A CPK larger than 1.0 means that the 6 sigma limits fall completely within the specification limits.

Capability indices are useful tools in the analysis of capability data. The most useful index is CPK, since it formulates capability in a manner that relates to shifts in the mean of the distribution away from the midpoint.

3.1.4 *lot*—a group of production units of one type and size of wire, which were produced during the same time period under similar production conditions, and are presented for acceptance at the same time. The mass will be defined in the ASTM document for the specific product to be tested.

3.1.5 *process average*—the average percent nonconforming or average number of nonconformities per hundred units (whichever is applicable) of product submitted by the supplier for original inspection. Original inspection is the first inspection of a particular quantity of product as distinguished from the inspection of product that has been resubmitted after prior rejection. When double or multiple sampling is used, only the first sample results shall be included in the process average calculation.

3.1.6 *production unit*—a coil, reel, spool, or other package of drawing stock/wire that represents a single usable length.

3.1.7 *sample*—the production unit or units from which a test specimen or specimens have been removed and which are considered to have properties representative of the lot.

3.1.8 *specimen*—a length of drawing stock/wire removed for test purposes.

4. Methods for Ensuring Product Compliance

4.1 Acceptance Sampling:

4.1.1 When acceptance sampling is used, statistical sampling of each lot shall be presented for inspection in accordance with [ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993](#). Sampling of each lot shall be presented for normal inspection in accordance with the sampling system described by [ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993](#).

4.1.2 Diameter and tensile shall be tested using General Inspection Level 1 with an AQL (acceptable quality level) of 4.0 %. (See [Table 1](#).)

4.1.3 Resistivity shall be tested using Special Inspection Level S-4 with an AQL of 4.0 %. (See [Table 2](#).)

4.1.4 All other material properties shall be tested per the specific level and AQL in [ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993](#) as required in the ASTM specification for the specific product.

4.1.5 Test records shall meet the requirements of ANSI/ASQC Q9001-1994, Section 4.16.

4.2 Conformance Criteria:

4.2.1 Failure of a specimen to conform to the applicable requirements of ASTM shall constitute failure of the production unit from which the specimen was taken. Sampling of each lot shall be switched according to the rules described in [ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993](#). (See [Fig. 1](#).)

4.2.2 Any lot of drawing stock/wire that has been sampled in accordance with [4.1.2](#), [4.1.3](#), or [4.1.4](#), and from which the number of specimens failing to comply with the requirements does not equal or exceed the appropriate reject number of the sampling [Table 1](#) used, shall be considered as complying with the requirements of ASTM.

4.2.3 Rejected lots may be screened to remove nonconforming production units by testing one specimen from each production unit in the lot for the failing characteristic.

4.2.4 *Sample Size*—The sample size shall be the number of production units selected.

4.3 Provisions for Skip-lot Inspection:

4.3.1 When reduced inspection is in effect (see [4.2](#)), skip-lot inspection shall be allowed when the preceding ten lots have been accepted in accordance with [ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993](#). Skip-lot testing shall be in accordance with ANSI/ASQC S1-1987.

4.3.2 When skip-lot inspection is in effect, normal inspection (see [4.1](#)) shall be instituted if any lot is found unacceptable.

4.4 When skip-lot inspection (see [4.3](#)) is in effect, and the preceding ten inspected lots have been accepted, audit inspection shall be instituted by the manufacturer in accordance with the following statistical process control (SPC) program requirements.

4.4.1 CPK >1.0 for 10 lots in control with less than 2 out-of-control indications.

5. Statistical Process Control

5.1 When statistical process control (SPC) is used, the manufacturer shall comply with CSA Standard Z299.3, Section 3.5, ANSI/ASQC Q9004-1-1994, Sections 10 and 20.

5.1.1 Basic inspection and testing system requirements shall conform to ANSI/ASQC Q9001-1994, Section 4.10.

5.2 Statistical Techniques:

TABLE 1 Sampling for Diameter and Tensile Properties Except Joints

NOTE—This sampling plan was taken from [ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993](#). General Inspection Level I, normal sampling was used, with an AQL (Acceptance Quality Level) of 4.0 %.

Number of Units in Lot	Sample	Sample Size	Cumulative Sample Size	Acceptance Number	Reject Number
1 to 3	first ^A	all	all	0	1
4 to 90	first ^A	3	3	0	1
91 to 280	first	8	8	0	2
	second	8	16	1	2
281 to 500	first	13	13	0	3
	second	13	26	3	4
501 to 1200	first	20	20	1	4
	second	20	40	4	5

^A Single sampling only

TABLE 2 Sampling for Resistivity Properties

NOTE—This sampling plan was taken from **ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993**. Special Inspection Level S-4, normal sampling was used, with an AQL (Acceptance Quality Level) of 4.0 %.

Number of Units in Lot	Sample	Sample Size	Cumulative Sample Size	Acceptance Number	Reject Number
1 to 3	first ^A	all	all	0	1
4 to 90	first ^A	3	3	0	1
91 to 500	first	8	8	0	2
	second	8	16	1	2
501 to 1200	first	13	13	0	3
	second	13	26	3	4

^A Single sampling only

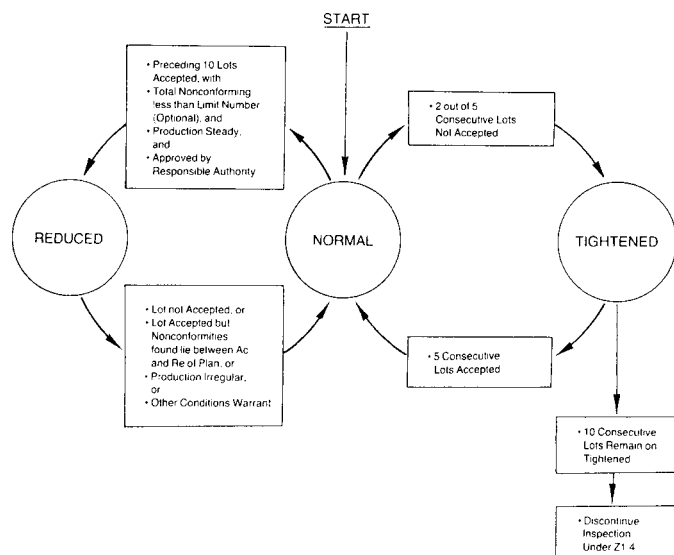


FIG. 1 Switching Rules for ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993 System

5.2.1 Identify and classify product, process, and service characteristics for which statistical techniques will be used as basis for the assurance and control of quality and acceptance or rejection of lots.

5.2.2 When statistical techniques are used, the property being evaluated shall comply with the requirements of the applicable ASTM standard. The process performance index (CPK) shall not be less than 1.0. A process performance index (CPK) of 1.3 should be considered a goal.

5.2.3 Other physical or electrical properties shall have statistical techniques applied at the supplier's option or if specified in the applicable ASTM standard.

5.2.4 Select appropriate statistical techniques and confidence levels for process control and product acceptance and indicate the basis for selection. Control charts and statistical data shall follow ASTM Manual 7⁶ for form, style, and data presentation.

5.2.5 Apply the statistical techniques selected, review them for adequacy, and monitor their application to ensure the specified ASTM requirements are met.

5.2.6 Include or reference the selected statistical techniques used for product or service acceptance or special process monitoring specified in the inspection and test plan(s), ANSI/ASQC Q9001-1994, Sections 4.10 and 4.20.

5.3 Quality Audits:

5.3.1 Control charts following the form and style of ASTM Manual 7⁶ shall be provided, if requested, to the customer with each order that is representative of the processes used in the manufacture of the product.

5.3.2 Records shall be kept in accordance with ANSI/ASQC Q9001-1994, Section 4.16.

6. Keywords

6.1 acceptable quality level (AQL); average outgoing quality (AOQ); control chart; lot; lower specification limit (LSL); process average; process control ratio (CPK); skip-lot inspection; statistical process control (SPC); upper specification limit (USL)

⁶ Manual on Presentation of Data and Control Chart Analysis, ASTM Manual 7, ASTM, 1992.

ASTM International takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and must be reviewed every five years and if not revised, either reapproved or withdrawn. Your comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and should be addressed to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, at the address shown below.

This standard is copyrighted by ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, United States. Individual reprints (single or multiple copies) of this standard may be obtained by contacting ASTM at the above address or at 610-832-9585 (phone), 610-832-9555 (fax), or service@astm.org (e-mail); or through the ASTM website (www.astm.org).