



Standard Specification for Compressed Round Stranded Aluminum Conductors Using Single Input Wire Construction¹

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1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers aluminum 1350-H19 (extra hard), 1350-H16 or -H26 ($\frac{3}{4}$ hard), 1350-H14 or -H24 ($\frac{1}{2}$ hard), 1350-H142 or -H242 ($\frac{1}{2}$ hard), and aluminum alloy 8XXX series as listed in Specification B800 for tempers “O” and H1X or H2X, bare stranded conductors composed of one or more roller shaped or die compressed layers of helically layed wires. The conductors are for general use for electrical purposes (Explanatory Notes 1 and 2).

NOTE 1—For the purposes of this specification, single input wire (SIW) construction is defined as follows: a stranded conductor design methodology that varies the number of wires within a range of conductor sizes in order to permit that range of conductor sizes to be constructed from a single wire size.

1.2 The SI values for resistivity are regarded as standard. For all other properties, the inch-pound units are regarded as standard and the SI units may be approximate.

NOTE 2—Prior to 1975, aluminum 1350 was designated as EC aluminum.

NOTE 3—The aluminum and temper designations conform to ANSI H35.1. Aluminum 1350 corresponds to Unified Numbering System A91350 in accordance with Practice E527. Aluminum alloys in the 8000 series correspond to Unified Numbering System A98XXX in accordance with Practice E527.

NOTE 4—This specification also permits conductors for use as covered or insulated electrical conductors.

NOTE 5—Sealed conductors, which are intended to prevent longitudinal water propagation and are further covered/insulated, are also permitted within the guidelines of this specification.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 The following documents of the issue in effect on the date of material purchase form a part of this specification to the extent referenced herein.

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee B01 of Electrical Conductors and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee B01.07 on Conductors of Light Metals.

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2.2 ASTM Standards:²

B193 Test Method for Resistivity of Electrical Conductor Materials

B230/B230M Specification for Aluminum 1350–H19 Wire for Electrical Purposes

B263 Test Method for Determination of Cross-Sectional Area of Stranded Conductors

B354 Terminology Relating to Uninsulated Metallic Electrical Conductors

B609/B609M Specification for Aluminum 1350 Round Wire, Annealed and Intermediate Tempers, for Electrical Purposes

B800 Specification for 8000 Series Aluminum Alloy Wire for Electrical Purposes—Annealed and Intermediate Tempers

B801 Specification for Concentric-Lay-Stranded Conductors of 8000 Series Aluminum Alloy for Subsequent Covering or Insulation

E29 Practice for Using Significant Digits in Test Data to Determine Conformance with Specifications

E527 Practice for Numbering Metals and Alloys in the Unified Numbering System (UNS)

2.3 Other Standards:

ANSI H35.1 American National Standard Alloy and Temper Designation System for Aluminum³

NBS Handbook 100—Copper Wire Tables⁴

3. Classification

3.1 The conductors described in this specification are intended for subsequent insulation or covering. The classification of these conductors is SIW compressed.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for material under this specification shall include the following information:

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, <http://www.ansi.org>.

⁴ Available from National Technical Information Service (NTIS), 5301 Shawnee Rd., Alexandria, VA 22312, <http://www.ntis.gov>.



- 4.1.1 Quantity,
 4.1.2 Conductor size: circular-mil area of AWG (see Section 8 and Table 1),
 4.1.3 Alloy designation,
 4.1.4 Class (see 3.1),
 4.1.5 Temper (see 5.1 and 5.3),
 4.1.6 Details of special-purpose lays, when required (see 7.2 and 7.3),
 4.1.7 When tension tests are required on the completed conductor (see Section 15),
 4.1.8 Package size (see 19.1),
 4.1.9 Special package marking, if required (see Section 20),

TABLE 1 Construction Requirements of Compressed Round SIW Stranded

Aluminum Conductors

Conductor Size			Hard Drawn Copper Equivalent			Minimum Number of Wires	Nominal Diameter of SIW Compressed Conductor in.	Nominal Diameter of SIW Compressed Conductor mm	Mass		DC Resistance at 20°C	
cmils	AWG	mm²	cmils	AWG	mm²				lb/1000ft	kg/km	Ω/1000ft	Ω/km
4 000 000		2027	2 520 000		1277	217	2.168	55.07	3823	5688	0.00442	0.0145
3 500 000		1773	2 200 000		1115	169	2.028	51.51	3345	4977	0.00505	0.0166
3 000 000		1520	1 890 000		957.7	169	1.878	47.69	2839	4225	0.00584	0.0192
2 500 000		1267	1 570 000		795.5	127	1.714	43.54	2366	3521	0.00701	0.0230
2 000 000		1013	1 260 000		638.5	127	1.533	38.94	1875	2789	0.00867	0.0284
1 900 000		962.7	1 195 000		605.5	127	1.494	37.95	1781	2650	0.00913	0.0300
1 800 000		912.1	1 132 000		573.6	127	1.454	36.93	1687	2510	0.00963	0.0316
1 750 000		886.7	1 101 000		557.9	127	1.434	36.42	1640	2441	0.0099	0.0325
1 700 000		861.4	1 069 000		541.7	127	1.413	35.89	1593	2371	0.0102	0.0335
1 600 000		810.7	1 006 000		509.7	127	1.371	34.82	1500	2232	0.0109	0.0358
1 500 000		760.1	943 000		477.8	90	1.327	33.71	1406	2092	0.0116	0.0381
1 400 000		709.4	880 000		445.9	90	1.282	32.56	1312	1953	0.0124	0.0407
1 300 000		658.7	818 000		414.5	90	1.236	31.39	1218	1813	0.0133	0.0436
1 250 000		633.4	786 000		398.3	90	1.212	30.78	1172	1743	0.0138	0.0453
1 200 000		608.0	755 000		382.6	90	1.187	30.15	1125	1674	0.0144	0.0472
1 100 000		557.4	692 000		350.6	90	1.137	28.88	1030	1533	0.0158	0.0518
1 000 000		506.7	629 000		318.7	53	1.084	27.53	937	1395	0.0173	0.0568
900 000		456.0	566 000		286.8	53	1.028	26.11	844	1255	0.0193	0.0633
800 000		405.4	503 000		254.9	53	0.969	24.61	750	1116	0.0217	0.0712
750 000		380.0	472 000		239.2	53	0.939	23.85	703	1046	0.0231	0.0758
700 000		354.7	440 000		223.0	34	0.907	23.04	656	976	0.0248	0.0814
650 000		329.4	409 000		207.2	34	0.874	22.20	609	907	0.0267	0.0876
636 000		322.3	400 000		202.7	34	0.865	21.96	596	887	0.0273	0.0896
600 000		304.0	377 000		191.0	34	0.840	21.34	562	837	0.0289	0.0948
550 000		278.7	346 000		175.3	34	0.804	20.42	516	767	0.0315	0.103
500 000		253.4	314 000		159.1	30	0.766	19.46	469	697	0.0347	0.114
477 000		241.7	300 000		152.0	30	0.747	18.96	447	665	0.0364	0.119
450 000		228.0	283 000		143.4	30	0.727	18.47	422	628	0.0385	0.126
400 000		202.7	252 000		127.7	24	0.685	17.40	375	558	0.0434	0.142
350 000		177.3	220 000		111.5	24	0.641	16.28	328	488	0.0495	0.162
336 400		170.5	211 600	0000	107.2	18	0.629	15.96	315	469	0.0516	0.169
300 000		152.0	188 700		95.62	18	0.594	15.09	281	418	0.0578	0.190
266 800		135.2	167 800	000	85.03	18	0.560	14.22	250	372	0.0650	0.213
250 000		126.7	157 200		79.65	18	0.542	13.77	234	349	0.0694	0.228
211 600	0000	107.2	133 100	00	67.44	17	0.498	12.65	198	295	0.082	0.269
167 800	000	85.03	105 600	0	53.51	15	0.443	11.25	157	234	0.103	0.338
133 100	00	67.44	83 690	1	42.41	11	0.395	10.03	125	186	0.130	0.426
105 600	0	53.51	66 360	2	33.63	7	0.352	8.94	99.0	147	0.164	0.538
83 690	1	42.41	52 620	3	26.66	7	0.313	7.95	78.4	117	0.207	0.679
66 360	2	33.63	41 740	4	21.15	6	0.283	7.19	62.2	92.6	0.261	0.856
52 620	3	26.66	33 090	5	16.77	6	0.252	6.40	49.3	73.4	0.330	1.08
41 740	4	21.15	26 240	6	13.30	6	0.225	5.72	39.1	58.2	0.416	1.36
33 090	5	16.77	20 820	7	10.55	6	0.200	5.08	31.0	46.2	0.523	1.72
26 240	6	13.30	16 510	8	8.366	6	0.178	4.52	24.6	36.6	0.661	2.17
20 820	7	10.55	13 090	9	6.633	6	0.159	4.04	19.5	29.0	0.834	2.74
16 510	8	8.366	10 380	10	5.260	6	0.142	3.61	15.5	23.0	1.05	3.44
13 090	9	6.633	8 234	11	4.172	6	0.126	3.20	12.3	18.3	1.32	4.33
10 380	10	5.260	6 530	12	3.309	6	0.113	2.87	9.73	14.5	1.67	5.48
6 530	12	3.309	4 110	14	2.083	6	0.089	2.26	6.12	9.11	2.67	8.76
4 110	14	2.083	2 580	16	1.307	6	0.071	1.80	3.85	5.73	4.22	13.8
2 580	16	1.307	1620	18	0.8209	6	0.054	1.37	2.42	3.60	6.71	22.0
1 620	18	0.8209	1020	20	0.5168	6	0.043	1.09	1.52	2.26	10.7	35.1
1 020	20	0.5168	642	22	0.3253	6	0.034	0.86	0.96	1.42	16.9	55.4



4.1.10 Heavy wood lagging, if required (see 19.2), and

4.1.11 Place of inspection (see Section 18).

5. Requirements for Wires

5.1 The purchaser shall designate the temper of conductors of SIW compressed or SIW conductor.

5.1.1 For conductor tempers other than H19, the manufacturer shall have the following options on manufacturing method:

5.1.1.1 Strand the conductor from wires drawn to final temper;

5.1.1.2 Strand the conductor from wires drawn to H19 temper and annealed to final temper prior to stranding; or

5.1.1.3 Strand the conductor from H19 wires and anneal the stranded conductor to final temper.

5.2 Before stranding, the aluminum wire used shall meet the requirements of Specifications B230/B230M, B609/B609M, or B800, whichever is applicable.

5.3 All wires in the conductor shall be of the same temper.

6. Joints

6.1 Only cold-pressure joints or electric-butt, cold-upset joints may be made in the wires of SIW compressed or SIW conductor.

6.2 The minimum distance between joints in the wires of the completed conductor shall be no less than 1 ft (0.3 m).

7. Lay

7.1 For SIW compressed stranded conductors manufactured for subsequent covering or insulating, the average lay length of the wires shall be not less than 8 nor more than 16 times the outer diameter of the finished conductor. For conductors of 37 wires or more, this requirement shall apply to the wires in the outer two layers only, unless otherwise agreed upon.

7.2 Other lays for special purposes shall be furnished by special agreement between the manufacturer and the purchaser (Explanatory Note 3).

7.3 For conductors manufactured for subsequent covering or insulating, the direction of lay of the outer layer shall be left hand and may be reversed or unidirectional/unilay in successive layers, unless otherwise specified by the purchaser.

8. Construction

8.1 The areas of cross section, the minimum number of wires, and diameters of the finished strand shall conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

9. Rated Strength of Conductor

9.1 The rated strength of 1350-H19 conductors shall be taken as the percent, indicated in Table 2, of the sum of the strengths of the component wires, calculated using the nominal wire diameters and the specified minimum average tensile strength given in Specification B230/B230M for 1350-H19 wire.

9.2 The rated strengths of 8000 series conductors shall be taken as the percent, indicated in Specification B801, of the

TABLE 2 Rating Factors^A

Number of Layers	Rating Factor, %
1	96
2	93
3	91
4	90
5 and above	89

^A This relates to 1350 alloy only. Refer to the Rating Factors Table in Specification B801 for values for 8000 series alloys.

sum of strengths of the component wires, calculated using the nominal wire diameters and the specified minimum average tensile strength given in Specification B800 for 8000 series wire.

9.3 Calculations for rated strengths of 1350-H16, -H26, -H14, -H24, -H142, and -H242 conductors shall be made on the basis of the strengths of the component wires, using the nominal wire diameters and the specified maximum and minimum tensile strengths for the appropriate temper of the respective component wires given in Specification B609/B609M. The minimum rated strengths of the conductors shall be taken as the sum of the calculated minimum strengths of the component wires multiplied by the rating factor given in Table 2. The maximum rated strength of the conductors shall be taken as the sum of the calculated maximum strength of the component wires multiplied by the rating factors given in Table 2.

9.4 Calculations for rated strengths of 8000 series “O” temper H1X and H2X conductors shall be made on the basis of the strengths of the component wires, using the nominal wire diameter for the noncompacted construction and the specified maximum and minimum tensile strengths of the appropriate temper of the respective component wires given in Specification B800. The minimum rated strengths of the conductors shall be taken as the sum of the calculated minimum strengths of the component wires multiplied by the rating factor given in Specification B801. The maximum rated strength of the conductors shall be taken as the sum of the calculated maximum strengths of the component wires.

9.5 Rated-strength and breaking-strength values shall be rounded to three significant figures, in the final value only, in accordance with the rounding method of Practice E29.

10. Density

10.1 For the purpose of calculating mass, cross sections, and so forth, the density of aluminum 1350 shall be taken as 0.0975 lb/in.³ (2705 kg/m³) at 20°C. The density of 8000 series aluminum alloys shall be taken as 0.098 lb/in.³ (2.710 g/cm³) at 20°C.

11. Mass and Electrical Resistance

11.1 The mass and electrical resistance of a unit length of a stranded conductor are a function of the length of lay. The approximate mass and electrical resistance may be determined using the standard increments shown in Table 3. When greater accuracy is desired, the increment based on the specific lay of the conductor may be calculated (Explanatory Note 6).

**TABLE 3 Standard Increments Due to Stranding**

Size of Conductor, All Classes, cmils ^A	Increment (Increase) of Mass and Electrical Resistance, %
4 000 000 to 3 000 001, incl	4
3 000 000 to 2 000 001, incl	3
2 000 000 and under	2

^A Conversion Factors: 1 cmil = 5.067 E-04 mm², 1 mil = 2.54 E-02 mm, 1 lb/1000 ft = 1.488 E+00 kg/km, 1 ft = 3.048 E-01 m, 1 lb = 4.536 E-01 kg, 1 lbf 4.448 E-03 kN.

11.2 The maximum electrical resistance of a unit length of stranded conductor shall not exceed 2 % over the nominal dc resistance shown in **Table 1** (Explanatory **Note 8**). When dc resistance is measured at other than 20°C, it is to be corrected by using the multiplying factor given in **Table 4**.

11.3 For conductors to be used in covered or insulated wires or cables, dc resistance measurement may be used to determine compliance with this specification in lieu of the method outlined in Section **13**; however, the reference method shall be the same as that outlined in Section **12**.

12. Variation in Area

12.1 The area of cross section of the completed conductor shall be not less than 98 % of the area of cross section of the conductor size listed in column 1 of **Table 1**. The manufacturer may have the option of determining the cross-sectional area by the following method.

12.1.1 The area of cross section of a conductor may be determined by Test Method **B263**. In applying that test method, the increment in mass resulting from stranding may be the applicable value specified in **11.1** or may be calculated from the measured component dimensions of the sample under test. In case of question regarding area compliance, the actual mass increment due to stranding shall be calculated.

13. Finish

13.1 The conductor shall be free of all imperfections not consistent with good commercial practice.

TABLE 4 Temperature Correction Factors for Conductor Resistance

Temperature, °C	Multiplying Factor for Conversion to 20°C
0	1.088
5	1.064
10	1.042
15	1.020
20	1.000
25	0.980
30	0.961
35	0.943
40	0.925
45	0.908
50	0.892
55	0.876
60	0.861
65	0.846
70	0.832
75	0.818
80	0.805
85	0.792
90	0.780

14. Variation in Diameter

14.1 The average diameter of the conductor shall vary by not more than +1 to –2 % from the nominal diameter specified in **Table 1**.

15. Mechanical and Electrical Tests of Conductors NOT Annealed After Stranding

15.1 For 8000 series alloys, refer to the Mechanical and Electrical Tests of Conductors in 8000 Series Alloys in “O” Temper, H1X or H2X Wire and Not Annealed After stranding in Specification **B801**. For the 1350 alloys covered in this specification, the requirements are as stated in the subsequent sections.

15.2 Wires composing the conductors shall be tested prior to stranding in accordance with the applicable specification (see **5.2**), and tests on the completed conductor are not required. However, when requested by the purchaser and agreed to by the manufacturer at the time of ordering, the tension tests of wires before stranding may be waived and the completed conductor tested in accordance with **15.3**, or wires removed from the completed conductor tested in accordance with **15.4**.

15.3 When the completed conductor is tested as a unit, the breaking strength shall be not less than the rated strength of 1350-H19 conductors or the minimum rated strength of 1350-H16, -H26, -H14, -H24, -H142, and -H242 conductors if failure occurs in the free length at least 1 in. (25 mm) beyond the end of either gripping device, or shall be not less than 95 % of the rated or minimum rated strength if failure occurs inside, or within 1 in. of the end of either gripping device. The breaking strength of 1350-H16, -H26, -H14, -H24, -H142, and -H242 conductors shall be not greater than their maximum rated strengths. The free length between grips of the test specimen shall be not less than 24 in. (610 mm), and care shall be taken to ensure that the wires in the conductor are evenly gripped during the test (Explanatory **Note 4**).

15.4 Routine production testing of the aluminum wires after stranding is not required. However, when such tests are requested by the purchaser and agreed upon by the manufacturer at the time of ordering (or made for other reasons), the 1350-H19 wires removed from the completed conductor shall have tensile strengths of not less than 95 % of the minimum tensile strengths prescribed for individual tests in **Table 1** of Specification **B230/B230M**. 1350-H16, -H26, -H14, -H24, -H142, and -H242 wires shall have tensile strengths of not less than 95 % of the minimum tensile strengths nor more than 105 % of the maximum tensile strength prescribed in Specification **B609/B609M**, as applicable (Explanatory **Note 5**). The electrical resistivity shall meet the minimum resistivity specified for the wire before stranding. Elongation tests may be made for information purposes only, and no minimum values are assigned (Explanatory **Note 5**). The frequency of these tests shall be decided upon between the purchaser and the manufacturer.

15.5 All wires composing the conductors shall be capable of meeting the bending properties stated in Specification **B230/B230M** after stranding.



16. Mechanical and Electrical Tests of Conductors Annealed After Stranding

16.1 For 8000 series alloys, refer to the Mechanical and Electrical Tests of Conductors Fabricated from Wires Other Than 8000-H2X and Annealed After Stranding to Meet 8000 “O” Temper or H2X Requirements in Specification **B801**. For the 1350 alloys covered in this specification, the requirements are as stated in the subsequent sections.

16.2 Tensile properties and electrical resistivity shall be determined on samples taken from 10 % of the reels or coils of conductor, but from not less than five (or all if the lot is less than five) reels or coils. Resistivity shall be determined as prescribed in Section 7 of Specification **B230/B230M** on one wire from each conductor sample. However, this test is not required if performed previously on the 1350-H19 wire. At the manufacturer’s option, tension tests shall be made either on one of the inner seven wires and one wire from each additional layer of each conductor sample to determine conformance with **16.3** or on the conductor as a unit to determine conformance with **16.4**.

16.3 When wires removed from the completed conductor are tested, 1350-H26, -H24, and -H242 wires shall have tensile strengths of not less than 95 % of the minimum tensile strength nor more than 105 % of the maximum tensile strength prescribed in Specification **B609/B609M**, as applicable (Explanatory **Note 5**).

16.4 When the completed conductor is tested as a unit, the breaking strengths of 1350-H26, -H24, and -H242 conductors shall conform with **9.3**.

16.5 All wires composing the conductors shall be capable of meeting the bending properties stated in Specification **B230/B230M** after stranding. Routine production testing after stranding is not required.

17. Retests

17.1 If, upon testing a sample from any reel or coil of conductor, the results do not conform to the requirements of

Sections **8** and **9**, two additional samples shall be tested, and the average of the three tests shall determine the acceptance of the reel or coil.

18. Inspection

18.1 Unless otherwise specified in the contract or purchase order, the manufacturer shall be responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements specified.

18.2 All inspections and tests shall be made at the place of manufacture unless otherwise especially agreed to between the manufacturer and the purchaser at the time of the purchase.

18.3 The manufacturer shall afford the inspector representing the purchaser all reasonable manufacturer’s facilities to satisfy him that the material is being furnished in accordance with this specification.

19. Packaging and Shipping

19.1 Package sizes for conductors shall be agreed upon between the manufacturer and the purchaser in the placing of individual orders.

19.2 The conductors shall be protected against damage in ordinary handling and shipping. If heavy wood lagging is required, it shall be specified by the purchaser at the time of placing the order.

20. Marking

20.1 The net weight, length (and number of lengths, if more than one length is included in a package), size, and kind of conductor shall be marked on a tag attached to the end of each conductor inside the package. The same information, together with the manufacturer’s serial number (if any) and all shipping marks and other information required by the purchaser, shall appear on the outside of each package.

21. Keywords

21.1 aluminum; aluminum stranded conductors; compressed; concentric lay stranded conductors; electrical conductors; reverse concentric; single input wire; SIW; unidirectional; unilay

EXPLANATORY NOTES

NOTE 1—In this specification only concentric-lay-stranded conductor constructions manufactured from round aluminum 1350 or 8000 series wires are specifically designated.

NOTE 2—For definitions of terms relating to conductors, refer to Terminology **B354**.

NOTE 3—Certain types of insulated conductors may require a shorter lay than other conductors. Special requirements regarding length of lay should be specified by the purchaser in such instances.

NOTE 4—To test stranded conductors for breaking strength successfully as a unit requires an adequate means of gripping the ends of the test specimen without causing damage that may result in failure below the

actual strength of the conductor. Various means are available, such as compression sleeves, split sleeves, and preformed grips, but ordinary jaws or clamping devices usually are not suitable.

NOTE 5—Wires unlaid from conductors may have different physical properties from those of wire that has been prepared for cabling, on account of the deformation caused by laying and again straightening for test.

NOTE 6—The increment of mass or electrical resistance of a completed concentric-lay-stranded conduct, k , in percent is given by the following equation:



$$k = 100(m - 1) \quad (1)$$

where:

m = the stranding factor, and is also the ratio of the mass or electrical resistance of a unit length of stranded conductor to that of a solid conductor of the same cross-sectional area or of a stranded conductor with infinite length of stranding, that is, all wires parallel to the conductor axis. The stranding factor m for the completed stranded conductor is the *numerical average* of the stranding factors for each of the individual wires in the conductor, including the straight core wire, if any (for which the stranding factor is unity). The stranding factor (m_{ind}) for any given wire in a concentric-lay-stranded conductor is given by the following equation:

$$m_{ind} = \sqrt{1 + (9.8696/n^2)} \quad (2)$$

where:

n = length of lay/diameter of helical path of the wire. The derivation of the above is given in *NBS Handbook 100*.

NOTE 7—The behavior of properly spaced wire joints in stranded conductors is related to both their tensile strength and elongation. Because of its higher elongation properties, the lower strength electric-butt weld gives equivalent overall performance to that of a cold-pressure weld or an electric-butt, cold-upset weld in conductors with more than seven wires.

NOTE 8—The dc resistance on a given construction shall be calculated using the following formula:

$$R = ((k/100) + 1) p/A \quad (3)$$

where:

R = conductor resistance in ohms/1000 ft.

k = increment due to stranding from Table 3 and explanatory notes.

p = volume resistivity in ohms · cmil/ft determined in accordance with Test Method B193.

A = cross-sectional area of conductor in kmil determined in accordance with Section 12 of this specification.

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