



Standard Test Method for Methanol Extract of Vinyl Chloride Resins¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D2222; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This test method covers the determination of the methanol extract, or nonvolatile methanol-soluble portion, of vinyl chloride resins.

1.2 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety and health practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

NOTE 1—There is no known ISO equivalent to this test method.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D883 Terminology Relating to Plastics

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:* Definitions are in accordance with Terminologies **D883** and **D1600** unless otherwise indicated.

4. Summary of Test Method

4.1 The methanol-soluble materials are extracted from the resin in a Soxhlet extractor, the methanol evaporated to dryness, and the residue weighed as the weight percent methanol extract.

5. Significance and Use

5.1 The methanol extract test is most commonly employed with paste- or dispersion-type vinyl resins intended for organo-

sol or plastisol applications. The test result is a quantitative measure of the methanol-soluble, nonvolatile, essentially non-polymeric content of the virgin, unmodified resin. The major ingredient removed is the soap system employed in the polymerization reaction; methanol extract provides a measure of lot-to-lot uniformity of the resin in this respect.

6. Apparatus

6.1 *Soxhlet Extractor.*

6.2 *Extraction Thimbles*, 33 by 94-mm.

6.3 *Oven, Constant-Temperature*, maintained at $105 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$.

6.4 *Electric Heating Mantle* for a 250-mL extractor flask, or electric strip heaters, equipped with a suitable variable transformer to control the rate of heating.

7. Reagents

7.1 *Purity of Reagents*—Reagent grade chemicals shall be used in all tests. Unless otherwise indicated, it is intended that all reagents shall conform to the specifications of the Committee on Analytical Reagents of the American Chemical Society, where such specifications are available. It is possible to use other grades, provided it is first ascertained that the reagent is of sufficiently high purity to permit its use without lessening the accuracy of the determination.

8. Procedure

8.1 Weigh to the nearest 0.001 g approximately 12 g of the resin sample into an empty extraction thimble.

8.2 Cover the resin in the thimble with a small pad of glass wool to prevent spattering of resin during the extraction and place the thimble in the extractor.

8.3 Weigh to the nearest 0.001 g and record the tare weight of a clean, dry, flat-bottom, extractor flask containing a Raschig ring.

8.4 Add 200 mL of anhydrous methanol to the flask and connect the flask to the extractor.

8.5 Run a blank determination on the methanol simultaneously with each set of extractions.

8.6 Start the extraction and regulate the reflux so that the methanol collecting in the thimble drains at least six times per hour.

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **D20** on Plastics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **D20.15** on Thermoplastic Materials (Section D20.15.08).

Current edition approved Nov. 1, 2013. Published November 2013. Originally approved in 1963. Last previous edition approved in 2009 as D2222 – 09. DOI: 10.1520/D2222-13.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

8.7 Timing the extraction from the complement of the first cycle, extract the resin for $6\text{ h} \pm 10\text{ min}$.

NOTE 2—Continuous or bulk extractions that do not employ an extractor assembly require approximately 12 h to complete.

8.8 Drain all the methanol from the extractor into the flask and evaporate most of the methanol over a steam bath.

8.9 Complete the methanol evaporation by heating the flask in an oven at $105 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ for 30 min.

8.10 Cool the flask in a desiccator for 1 h.

8.11 Obtain two weights within 30-min intervals that agree to $\pm 0.001\text{ g}$.

8.12 Run a blank using the same procedure but omitting the resin sample.

9. Calculation

9.1 Calculate the percentage of methanol extract as follows:

$$\text{Methanol extract, \%} = (A - B - C) \times (100/S)$$

where:

A = weight of flask, Raschig ring, and extract,

B = tare weight of flask and Raschig ring,

C = gain in weight of flask and Raschig ring during blank test, and

S = weight of sample.

10. Report

10.1 The report shall include the following:

10.1.1 Complete sampling identification, and

10.1.2 Percentage methanol extract, average and range.

11. Precision

11.1 Duplicate determinations shall average to within 0.1 %.

NOTE 3—Supporting round-robin data has not been found.

12. Keywords

12.1 methanol extract; PVC resin

SUMMARY OF CHANGES

Committee D20 has identified the location of selected changes to this standard since the last issue (D2222 - 09) that may impact the use of this standard. (November 1, 2013)

(1) Removed non-mandatory language from 7.1, 8.10, and 11.1.

ASTM International takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

This standard is subject to revision at any time by the responsible technical committee and must be reviewed every five years and if not revised, either reapproved or withdrawn. Your comments are invited either for revision of this standard or for additional standards and should be addressed to ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend. If you feel that your comments have not received a fair hearing you should make your views known to the ASTM Committee on Standards, at the address shown below.

This standard is copyrighted by ASTM International, 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700, West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, United States. Individual reprints (single or multiple copies) of this standard may be obtained by contacting ASTM at the above address or at 610-832-9585 (phone), 610-832-9555 (fax), or service@astm.org (e-mail); or through the ASTM website (www.astm.org). Permission rights to photocopy the standard may also be secured from the ASTM website (www.astm.org/COPYRIGHT/).