



GS 124-4

HYDRAULIC MOTOR DRIVEN FIREWATER PUMPS FOR OFFSHORE USE

January 1994

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BP GROUP RECOMMENDED PRACTICES AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ENGINEERING											
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SCOPE AND PURPOSE This document specifies the general requirements for the design and testing of Firewater Pumps for use offshore. Its purpose is for the specification of fit-for-purpose Firewater Pumps at minimum cost.											
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FOREWORD

Introduction to BP Group Recommended Practices and Specifications for Engineering

The Introductory Volume contains a series of documents that provide an introduction to the BP Group Recommended Practices and Specifications for Engineering (RPSEs). In particular, the 'General Foreword' sets out the philosophy of the RPSEs. Other documents in the Introductory Volume provide general guidance on using the RPSEs and background information to Engineering Standards in BP. There are also recommendations for specific definitions and requirements.

Value of this Guidance for Specification

This Guidance for Specification was developed under the BP Exploration XEU Simple Specifications Initiative. This initiative is intended to simplify the purchasing requirements through a minimum conditions of satisfaction approach in regions where there is a mature supplier resource.

Application

This Guidance for Specification is intended to guide the purchaser in the use or creation of a fit-for-purpose specification for enquiry or purchasing activity.

Text in italics is Commentary. Commentary provides background information which supports the requirements of the Specification, and may discuss alternative options. It also gives guidance on the implementation of any 'Specification' or 'Approval' actions; specific actions are indicated by an asterisk (*) preceding a paragraph number.

This document may refer to certain local, national or international regulations but the responsibility to ensure compliance with legislation and any other statutory requirements lies with the user. The user should adapt or supplement this document to ensure compliance for the specific application.

Specification Ready for Application

A Specification (BP Spec 124-4) is available which may be suitable for enquiry or purchasing without modification. It is derived from this BP Group Guidance for Specification by retaining the technical body unaltered but omitting all commentary, omitting the data page and inserting a modified Foreword.



Principal Changes from Previous Edition

BP Engineering Standard 217 is being withdrawn and replaced by BP Group [GS 124-1](#) for Onshore Firewater Pumps and by BP Group [GS 124-2](#), [GS 124-3](#) and GS 124-4 for Offshore Firewater Pumps.

Feedback and Further Information

Users are invited to feed back any comments and to detail experiences in the application of BP RPSE's, to assist in the process of their continuous improvement.

For feedback and further information, please contact Standards Group, BP International or the Custodian. See Quarterly Status List for contacts.



1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Scope

This document specifies the minimum requirements for diesel engine driver fire water pumps with two pumping stages using a combination of direct drive and hydraulic motor drive.

It is intended, primarily, for use on hydro-carbon production, processing and export facilities offshore.

It is intended for use in conjunction with a functional specification and associated data sheets and drawings which give specific project requirements.

For offshore fire pumps a number of configurations are acceptable depending upon the platform type, e.g. floating or fixed, and the method of power transmission from the diesel engine driver to the pump itself. Separate specifications have been developed for other basic configurations which are:-

Diesel engine driver with pump driven via a gearbox. BP Group [GS 124-2](#).

Diesel engine driver with pump driven electrically via a generator, cables and electric motor. BP Group [GS 124-3](#).

Within the concept of a hydraulic driven pump there are four basic arrangements as identified below. The required arrangement is identified on the data sheets in the accompanying Functional Specification.

Basic Arrangements:-

1. Hydraulic driven vertical submerged lift pump with a close coupled diesel engine driven booster pump.
2. Hydraulic driven vertically submerged lift pump with a remote hydraulic driven booster pump.
3. Dry mounted hydraulic driven horizontal lift pump with a close coupled diesel engine driven booster pump.
4. Dry mounted hydraulic driven horizontal lift pump with a remote hydraulic driven booster pump.

*

The requirements detailed within this document are applicable irrespective of the final location. Details which are site specified, e.g. pump capacity, environmental data, are specified by the purchaser.



1.2 **Quality Assurance**

Verification of the vendor's quality system is normally part of the pre-qualification procedure, and is therefore not specified in the core text of this specification. If this is not the case, clauses should be inserted to require the vendor to operate and be prepared to demonstrate the quality system to the

purchaser. The quality system should ensure that the technical and QA requirements specified in the enquiry and purchase documents are applied to all materials, equipment and services provided by sub-contractors and to any free issue materials.

Further suggestions may be found in the BP Group RPSEs Introductory Volume

2. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 2.1 The overall design should recognise that the fire pump package will be required to operate on an intermittent basis and be able to start and operate independently of external supplies. As all offshore installations will have at least two fire pumps, the package will be required to operate in parallel with other fire pumps. The driver will be located in a non-hazardous area, within a fully walled and roofed room or enclosure: the enclosure, if included as part of this package may be located in an exposed location as indicated in the data sheets.
- 2.2 In case of conflict between this document and inquiry or requisition, the order of precedence shall be:-
- (a) Local Authority or Statutory Regulations
 - (b) The Equipment Requisition and Data Sheets
 - (c) This Document
 - (d) Other Industry and National Standards and Specifications.
- 2.3 The vendor shall co-ordinate the design, and ensure the satisfactory functioning of the complete package i.e. pump, driver, transmission, controls and other ancillaries. In cases where the vendor supplies equipment that he has not manufactured, the vendor shall ensure that the designs of these are compatible with each other and with his own equipment. The satisfactory functioning of the complete package shall form part of the vendor's guarantee.
- 2.4 High priority shall be given to the design, package, construction and installation to ensure simple and reliable starting of the diesel engine driver unit and ease of access and maintenance.



- 2.5 For floating installations, equipment shall be capable of operating at a sustained maximum inclination as stated in the data sheets.
- 2.6 When indicated in the data sheets the vendor shall include, within his scope of supply, all necessary spreader beams, slings, shackles and lifting gear etc., to enable the package to be handled at the job site and all necessary specified tools to enable maintenance to be carried out.
- 2.7 Due to varying operating scenarios the design should be based on the most severe option. The options include the discharge valve being open, partially open or closed and the fire main being pressurised anywhere within the range of atmospheric pressure to the discharge pressure of an already operating fire pump. In all cases there will be a check valve between the pump discharge and pump isolating valve.
- 2.8 Unless countermanded in the data sheets all equipment for arrangements 1 and 3 with the exception of the lift pump and its hydraulic motor shall be mounted on a single base frame; for arrangements 2 and 4 the booster pump and its motor shall also be excluded from the equipment to be located on the single base frame.
- 2.9 The design of these systems should be based on starting the engine and pump from rest. Consideration should also be given to preventing reverse rotation.
- 2.10 The run up time of the combined unit shall be kept to a minimum (approx. 15 secs.).
- 2.11 The vendor shall provide an analysis of axial loads, static and hydraulic, during starting and stopping and while operating with flow between minimum continuous stable flow and 150% rated flow. The analysis shall include minimum and maximum speeds and internal pump clearance at both design values and twice design values.
- 2.12 Thrust bearings shall be rated for at least twice the maximum thrust (up and down) which may be developed under the condition detailed in 2.11.

3. DIESEL ENGINES

3.1 Performance

- 3.1.1 The engine continuous nett brake power, fuel consumption, lubricating oil consumption, and overload power shall be declared at the standard reference conditions in accordance with [BS 5514](#) Part 1 (ISO 3046/1-1981).



- 3.1.2 The engines shall have a continuous site rating which exceeds the total absorber power of the pump package, transmission system and any auxiliaries under all operating conditions by a minimum of 5%. This continuous rating shall have a minimum of 10% overload capacity.

3.2 Starting System

3.2.1 General

Each engine shall be provided with two starting systems. The preferred primary system shall be electric, based on the use of batteries; the secondary system may be either hydraulic or compressed air. Any Project preference for the type of secondary will be identified in the data sheets.

Initiation of the secondary start system shall be by the manual operation of a single control button or equivalent.

3.2.2 Electric Starting Systems

Power for successive cranking cycles shall alternate between two battery systems. In the event of a battery failing during the cranking period, the healthy battery shall be brought in automatically to provide power for all the remaining cranking cycles.

Each battery unit shall have sufficient capacity at the site minimum temperature to maintain the cranking speed recommended by the engine manufacturer through a 6 minute cycle (15 seconds cranking and 15 seconds rest in 12 consecutive cycles).

All batteries shall be of the sealed for life type.

On offshore installations the starting batteries shall be capable of being isolated by a remotely controlled contactor contained within a Ex"d" enclosure. The contactor shall be used for isolation purposes only. Control of this contactor will be from the installation's Fire and Gas Detection system supplied by others.

A means of recharging the storage batteries shall be provided. It shall be based on automatically controlled chargers taking power from a separate alternating current power source.

Each battery system shall have its own independent dedicated charger. Each charger shall comply with the following:-

- (a) Have a rate of charge consistent with :-
 - (i) recharging the respective battery in the minimum time
 - (ii) not causing damage to the battery
 - (iii) not reducing battery design life
 - (iv) restoring full charge of the battery within 24 hours following any style of discharge.



- (b) The charger shall be marked with the ampere-hour rating of the largest capacity battery that it can recharge in compliance with (a) above.
- (c) An ammeter with an accuracy of $\pm 5\%$ of the normal charging rate shall be furnished to indicate the operation of the charger.

3.2.3 Hydraulic Starting Systems

When hydraulic starting is used the accumulators and other accessories shall be located on the same skid base as the diesel engine.

The hydraulic starting facility shall comply with the following conditions.

- (a) The hydraulic cranking device shall operate independently of external power supplies.
- (b) The overall hydraulic system shall contain at least two accumulators each capable of being isolated from the system and removed from maintenance without depressurising the system. The removal arrangements shall also facilitate in-situ checking of the accumulator pre-charger pressure.
- (c) For recharging the accumulators the hydraulic systems should contain one engine driven pump and one manually operated pump.
- (d) The capacity of the hydraulic cranking system shall provide not less than six cranking cycles at the site minimum ambient temperature.
- (e) Pipework shall be stainless steel.

3.2.4 Air Starting Systems

The air start facility shall normally be by use of an air driver starting motor using compressed air from a storage reservoir. Direct air injection systems may only be considered for larger engines when available as a standard engine feature.

The air storage reservoir shall be sized for 180 seconds continuous cranking without recharging.

The air starting system, including the reservoir, shall either be recharged from high pressure storage bottles or via an intensifier from a separate air supply, provided by the purchaser, independent of the fire pump package. In both cases a hand started diesel engine driven compressor shall be provided as back-up. A by-pass with manual valve



or switch shall be provided for supplying compressed air to the engine starter in the event of control circuit failure.

3.3 Cooling System

3.3.1 General

Either direct air cooling or water cooling of the engine is acceptable providing they are of the manufacturer's standard design. The vendor shall identify the method within the data sheets to be completed as part of the proposal.

3.3.2 Water Based Cooling

The cooling system shall be sized for the engine continuous nett brake power as defined in 3.1.2 at the maximum ambient and cooling water temperatures. If specified on the data sheets the system shall also include capacity for cooling the air within the engine enclosure or room and for cooling the engine exhaust: as an alternative the vendor may propose separate systems for each duty.

The circulating water shall be cooled in either an air cooled radiator or in a water/water heat exchanger using sea water from the pump discharge. Any project preference for type of cooling method and/or location of the air cooled radiator (if needed) is given in the data sheets.

If provided the radiator fan shall be driven from the engine either directly or by the use of hydraulic transmission. It shall not be independently powered.

The engine shall be provided with thermostatically controlled jacket water heaters and, if necessary, circulating pump to ensure optimum engine starting temperature at the minimum specified ambient temperature.

If necessary, provision shall be made for the prevention of over heating of the coolant due to local high temperature after shut down.

3.4 Fuel Systems

3.4.1 Each diesel engine shall have a dedicated fuel storage tank designed to [BS 799](#) Part 5 type J or equivalent. It shall be sized to provide a nett capacity of fuel in accordance with statutory regulations (e.g., for offshore use in UK, 12 hours based on fuel consumption at engine continuous nett rated power).

3.4.2 The fuel tank location will be specified in the scope of supply data sheets. Under no circumstances shall the tank be located above the hot exhaust ducting or the engine itself. Within the diesel engine data sheets the vendor shall state the maximum allowable height of the tank bottom above the underside of the diesel engine skid/package frame.



In all cases a locally operated manual valve shall be installed in the fuel line to the engine at the tank outlet. If the tank is located within the diesel engine room/enclosure this valve shall also be operable from outside the room/enclosure.

- 3.4.3 A thermostatically controlled tank heating system shall be provided if ambient conditions could result in the viscosity of the fuel exceeding the maximum recommended by the engine vendor.
- 3.4.4 The fuel suction filters shall be of the duplex type with replaceable elements and a changeover facility to permit removal and replacement of either element without need for engine shut-down. Filter mesh size shall be specified by the engine supplier.
- 3.4.5 Provision shall be made for priming and bleeding the fuel injection system.
- 3.4.6 For unmanned installations high pressure fuel lines between the fuel pumps and injectors shall be double-skinned, seamless tubing with fuel leak monitoring and alarm. On manned installations the fuel lines may be as above or heavy seamless tubing.
- 3.4.7 Flame resistant flexible hoses shall be provided within the fuel supply and return piping systems between the engine and off skid pipework at the edge of the engine. There shall be no shut-off valve in the return line to the tank.

3.5 Exhaust System

- 3.5.1 The exhaust system shall include silencers, bellows and spark arrestors. If two or more fire pump packages are provided each engine shall have its own exhaust system.
- 3.5.2 The discharge location from the exhaust system will be specified by the purchaser. The extent of the vendor's supply will be identified within the data sheets.
- 3.5.3 Hot exhaust system piping within the confines of the package and consisting a danger to personnel shall be insulated or protected to limit surface temperature to 65°C.
- 3.5.4 Where exhaust systems can be exposed to hazardous area conditions, they shall be water cooled to limit surface temperature. The temperature and the length of the system requiring cooling will be specified by the purchaser within the data sheets.



- 3.5.5 The vendor shall propose the materials of construction and submit reasons for his selection.

3.6 Air Intake System

- 3.6.1 Dry replaceable filters shall be provided for the combustion air intake. Filter condition gauges shall be provided.
- 3.6.2 An automatic shut-off valve actuated by engine overspeed shall be fitted in the air intake manifold. Operation of the valve shall be independent of external power sources and shall be capable of manual operation.

3.7 Lubrication System

- 3.7.1 Lube oil filters shall be of the replaceable element type and shall be equipped with relief valves and, if no other lube oil pressure indication is provided, a differential pressure gauge. Filters shall be of duplex type with manual changeover facility.
- 3.7.2 Engines shall be suitable for starting under all conditions without the need for engine prelube.
- 3.7.3 Electric sump heaters, if provided, shall have a power density not exceeding 2.3W/cm².

3.8 Couplings

- 3.8.1 It shall be possible to remove couplings without the need to move the engine or driven equipment.
- 3.8.2 All flexible couplings incorporating a spacer piece shall be of a design in which the spacer piece is positively constrained from flying out in the event of failure of the flexible elements.
- 3.8.3 The maximum coupling torque shall be limited to a maximum of 80% of the coupling rating.

3.9 Torsional Vibration and Critical Speed

- 3.9.1 The engine vendor shall carry out a 'torsional vibration analysis' of each complete equipment string and shall submit to the purchaser for review.
- 3.9.2 Each engine, coupling, driven unit system shall be so designed to ensure that the complete installation starts, operates and stops free from torsional vibration and oscillation. The first lateral and torsional critical speeds for the complete train shall be at least 10% above the



maximum operating speed. No lateral or torsional critical speed shall lie within the operating speed range of the system.

- 3.9.3 Diesel engine RMS velocity of vibration shall not exceed 11.2 mm/s at any operating condition.

4. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

- 4.1 Irrespective of the locations of the hydraulic motors relative to the diesel engine, a single pump close coupled to the diesel engine and mounted on the same skid base, shall be used to supply the high pressure hydraulic fluid. When provision is to be made for hydraulic drives other than the fire water pump(s) e.g. pump room ventilation fans, details are given in the data sheets.

- 4.2 The hydraulic circuit shall be fitted with an auxiliary circulating pump to maintain an even oil temperature in the system, to reduce starting stresses and to slowly rotate the submerged lift pump.

The auxiliary circulating pump shall be AC electric motor driven.

A thermostatically controlled hydraulic oil cooler shall be provided.

The pump, cooler and system header tank shall be located on the same skid base as the diesel engine.

- 4.3 The lift pump motor shall be fitted with double mechanical seals. A cofferdam space with header tank shall be provided to enable the status of the seals to be constantly monitored. The header tank shall be fitted with a sight glass, high flow level alarms and fill and vent connections.

5. PUMP

- 5.1 Dependent upon the platform type, the lift pump will be either of the vertical suspended type located within a caisson (stilling tube) or of the split casing type located within a floatation chamber below sea level. The platform type and required pump type are given in the data sheets.

- 5.2 The combined lift and booster pumps performance characteristics shall fully comply with the requirements of [NFPA 20](#). The lift pump shall also satisfy the NPSH requirements of the booster pump throughout its entire flow range up to 150% rated capacity.

- 5.3 Split casing pumps shall comply with the requirements of [API 610](#).

- 5.4 The capacity specified on the data sheet will be that required from the pump package into the firewater system. The vendor shall make



allowance for any cooling water or other requirements of the pumping package when determining the capacity of the pump itself.

- 5.5 Suction and discharge pressures specified on the data sheet will be those required at the termination points of the pump package. The vendor shall make allowance for internal losses from pipework, strainers, changes in elevation, etc., when determining pump pressures and head.
- 5.6 Low flow relief or leak-off valves will be provided by the purchaser downstream of each pump to maintain the minimum continuous stable flow (as defined in [API 610](#)) with no flow into the firewater system.
- The capacity of the relief or leak-off system shall take into account any permanent internal flows such as for cooling and shall be specified by the pump vendor.
- 5.7 Provision for measuring pump capacity and differential head will be provided in the firewater pump system by the purchaser.
- 5.8 A lateral critical speed analysis shall be carried out on all multi-stage pumps. It shall include both wet and dry criticals and shall be calculated both at design clearances and twice design clearances.
- 5.9 Wet critical speeds, both at design clearances and at twice design clearances, shall be at least 20% above maximum continuous speed.
- 5.10 A torsional analysis shall be carried out. Acceptance criteria shall be as specified in [API 610](#) clauses 2.8.3.2 and 2.8.3.3.
- 5.11 Strainers in the lift pump's suction shall have a minimum free area of four times the pump's first stage suction cross sectional area and a maximum slot dimension of 12 mm.
- 5.12 The material of construction shall be appropriate for the type of water in the system: this water will normally be sea water and any deviation is given in the data sheets. Any project preferences for the materials to be used are given in the data sheets but the vendor shall be free to offer alternatives providing he can demonstrate within his bid that the alternatives will give an equal or superior performance. When selecting the materials of construction the vendor should note that the water intake may be dosed for antifouling purposes; dosing details are given in the data sheets.
- 5.13 The booster pump and its seal system shall be capable of running dry during start-up.



- 5.14 Vertically mounted lift pumps shall be designed to be freely suspended from the discharge head with no guide system. A bumper may be provided to protect vulnerable areas.

The pump/caisson diametrical clearance shall be 100 mm minimum. This shall be maintained over any bumper. The proposed caisson size is given in the data sheets: the vendor shall also identify the minimum caisson size acceptable whilst maintaining the required diametrical clearance.

The column pipe shall be in flanged sections. The section length shall be consistent with ease of handling and the necessary connections for the hydraulic piping. The maximum acceptable length, as dictated by overall platform design, is given in the data sheets.

By means of a small bore pipe, 'piggy backed' to the main column pipe, facilities shall be provided for the injection of chemical dosing into the water adjacent to the pump suction strainer. This small bore pipe shall terminate in a flange at the column pipe head piece.

6. CONTROL AND INSTRUMENTATION

6.1 General

- 6.1.1 The control and instrumentation equipment provided as part of this package shall comply with the requirements of BP Group [GS 130-2](#), Electrical and Instrumentation Requirements for Rotating Machinery.
- 6.1.2 The package shall be provided with its own unit control equipment logic system and alarm annunciation necessary for the protection and operation of the complete set as an integral part of the package.
- 6.1.3 Facilities shall be provided to repeat information and alarms to a remote control room, signals shall be wired to output terminals in the unit control panel for connection by others.
- 6.1.4 The unit control panel and equipment shall be installed in a front access cubicle. The control panel shall have an IP 55 enclosure and be suitably protected against a saline atmosphere.
- 6.1.5 The unit control panel shall be mounted either on or off the equipment skid as indicated on the data sheets. If the panel is mounted on the skid it shall be protected from vibration by means of suitable anti-vibration mountings and connections between it and the remainder of the package shall be by the vendor. If the panel is mounted remotely from the skid all cables, etc. shall be routed to a junction base located on the skid and the panel shall have a matching junction box: connections between the junction boxes will be undertaken by the purchaser.



6.1.6 All shutdown except overspeed shall be via fuel cut-off. Overspeed shutdown shall be by both fuel shut-off and air intake closure.

6.1.7 Electrical power for battery charging etc. shall be derived from a single supply to the package provided by the purchaser.

6.2 Controls

The following controls shall be provided on the unit Control panel:-

- (a) Start/stop push buttons
- (b) Selection of starting method
- (c) Jacket water heater and, if fitted, other heater switches
- (d) Local/Remote Control Switch
- (e) Start selector - manual/auto-standby/off
- (f) Emergency Stop
- (g) Normal/Test Changeover Switch
- (h) Hydraulic circulating pump start/stop push buttons.

6.3 Indication and Alarms

6.3.1 As a minimum the instrumentation within the control panel shall include those items listed in Table 1. As part of his bid the vendor shall identify all additional recommended local indicators, control panel indications, control panel alarms and automatic shutdowns that he considers necessary to monitor the performance of the package and to provide adequate protection of the equipment.

6.3.2 Instruments shall comply with [IEC 51](#).

6.3.3 All faults which will ultimately lead to a shutdown shall have a pre-alarm which shall be set to give reasonable warning of an imminent shutdown. When the operating mode or select switch is in the normal position all trips other than the overspeed trip shall be inhibited; when in the test mode all trips shall be operational. Resetting of trips shall only be possible locally.

6.3.4 In the event of an equipment trip a 'first out' facility shall be provided to identify the original fault.

6.3.5 Repeat 'volt free' contacts shall be provided for remote indication of each alarm and shutdown condition, wired to panel outgoing terminals. Facilities shall be provided to permit remote acceptance of alarms.

6.3.6 A facility shall also be provided to permit remote repeat indication of essential indicators.



7. NOISE

7.1 Limits

- * 7.1.1 In the absence of any stated noise limits the maximum noise level, irrespective of pump output, at or beyond 1m from the machine surface shall not exceed 110 dB(A). Any requirements for a lower maximum noise level will be given by the purchaser.

7.2 Measurements and Testing Procedures

- 7.2.1 The manufacturer shall provide details of the noise emission from his equipment in octave bands. He shall also provide details of any narrow band noise emitted by his equipment that is noticeable to the ear, together with the octave band or bands in which it occurs.

- 7.2.2 Noise levels shall be measured and calculated in accordance with the procedures stated in [EEMUA Publication No 140](#).

Alternatively, by prior agreement of the purchaser, such measurements and calculations may be carried out by other standard noise test procedures, such as in [BS 4999](#), part 109. The manufacturer shall provide full details of the test procedure for approval.

7.3 Noise Reduction

- 7.3.1 Where the noise-limiting requirements of the Standard cannot be met without the provision of noise-reducing features, the levels with and without these features shall be stated in any proposal. Such features shall not compromise, in any way, the correct operation of the machine, or any other requirements of this Standard and will only be accepted when there is no alternative for noise control.

- 7.3.2 Noise-reducing features if provided shall be subject to approval by the purchaser.

8. PAINTING

The Painting system shall be either in accordance with BP Group [GS 106-5](#) or the vendor's standard providing it gives the same or better degree of protection. The vendor shall include within his bid details of the painting system he proposes to use.

9. TESTING AND INSPECTION

As part of his bid, the vendor shall include details of the inspection and testing he proposes to undertake in order to ensure that the equipment meets the functional



requirements. These details will be reviewed as part of the bid review process and may be extended by the purchaser.

As a minimum the testing should include:-

9.1 Diesel Engine

- 9.1.1 The diesel engine shall be tested against a water brake, to demonstrate full load power and 10% overload capability.
- 9.1.2 The diesel engine shall be tested in accordance with [BS 5514](#) Part 2. The test measurements to be carried out shall be in accordance with Table 1 and 2 of [BS 5514](#), Part 2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the purchaser.
- 9.1.3 The functional checks to be carried out, shall, as a minimum meet the requirements of [BS 5514](#) Part 2, C1 to C5, C7 to C9.
- 9.1.4 The operation of the overspeed protection system shall be demonstrated mechanically or hydraulically without the use of electrical power (See also 3.6.2).
- 9.1.5 All testing shall be carried out using the contract heat exchangers, filters, governor and overspeed device. Oil having identical characteristics to the contract oil shall be used.
- 9.1.6 All testing shall be carried out in accordance with written procedures approved by the purchaser. The test procedures shall detail, as a minimum, the scope, duration and acceptance criteria of all tests, measurements to be taken, and shall include the following data:-
 - (a) declaration of power, fuel consumption, lubricating oil consumption and 'Information to be supplied by the engine manufacturer' as detailed in [BS 5514](#) Part 1, Item 13.
 - (b) outline technical documentation concerning the engine and type.
 - (c) the vendor's standard data sheets compiled for [BS 5514](#) purposes are the preferred format for the above data.
 - (d) a clear statement of engine group number as detailed in Table 1 of [BS 5514](#) Part 2.

9.2 Pumps

- 9.2.1 All pressure containing parts shall be hydrostatically tested in accordance with [API 610](#).



9.2.2 Performance and NPSH tests shall be carried out in accordance with [ISO 2548](#) (BS 5316: Part 1), and shall be within the limits specified under Class C. The tests shall be extended as required to demonstrate the characteristics defined in [NFPA 20](#).

9.2.3 As a consequence of the length of the columns employed for vertically mounted pumps and the limitations of test facilities, vertically mounted pumps may have to be tested with shortened columns. Prior to such tests, agreement with the purchaser shall be reached on the head losses in the test and final configurations, and the corrections to be applied to the test measurements.

9.2.4 NPSH tests on horizontal pumps shall be carried out on the first pump of each type when the NPSH required at 150% rated capacity exceeds 80% of the NPSH available as specified on the data sheet for the same capacity. Submergence tests should, however, be performed on vertical well-type pumps.

9.2.5 Vibration levels shall be agreed between supplier and purchaser.

9.3 Hydraulic Motors

Hydraulic Motor testing shall be carried out in accordance with the manufacturer's agreed procedure.

9.4 Control Panel

The control panel shall be subjected to simulated function and insulation testing at the manufacturer's work.

In addition the panel should be subjected to a full heat soak test where required.

9.5 Enclosure

Where the diesel engine package has an integral enclosure, tests shall be carried out to verify the functioning of all equipment and cabling within the package enclosure.

9.6 String Test

*

When practicable, a test of the complete unit including pump, driver, transmission, control panel and all ancillaries, shall be carried out at the supplier's works or data test facility approved by the purchaser. When this is not possible, a 12 hour proving test shall be carried out after installation. The purpose of these tests is to prove the correct functioning of all equipment. They shall include but not be limited to the following listed below.



- 9.6.1 Cold start capability shall be verified as follows:-
- The engine shall be stationary for at least 12 hours prior to testing (preferably overnight) without jacket water heating.
- The starting system shall be tested as per crank sequence to ensure the full automatic and subsequent manual start capability is achieved.
- Secondary starting systems shall be tested to verify their capability for starting the engine and if sized for more than one start attempt, their total storage capacity shall be verified.
- 9.6.2 All alarms and control functions shall be tested by reproducing the relevant condition or by simulation and observing the system response.
- 9.6.3 Vibration measurements shall be made on all relevant accessible equipment. Measurement points and operating conditions shall be the same as for the individual component tests. Vibration levels shall be no more than 110% of those recorded during the component tests and shall be within the limits specified for the individual items of equipment.
- 9.6.4 Noise level readings, where specified by the purchaser, shall be conducted in accordance with [EEMUA publications 140 and 141](#), where applicable to factory test conditions.
- 9.6.5 Surface temperatures shall comply with the requirements of this specification.
- 9.6.6 The ventilation system of any enclosure shall be shown to operate in compliance with the purchaser's requirements.
- 9.6.7 Demonstration of compliance with the expected pump delivery characteristics including the requirements of [NFPA 20](#).

10. PACKAGING

10.1 Enclosures

- * 10.1.1 The need for a diesel engine package enclosure shall be specified by the purchaser. If required the enclosure shall be designed as an integral part of the package
- 10.1.2 For offshore installation the enclosure walls shall have a minimum fire rating of A60, shall comply with local regulations regarding protection and separation of fire pumps, and any specific requirements identified in the data sheets.



- 10.1.3 The enclosure shall be designed to allow adequate access for routine maintenance and operation and shall be equipped with as a minimum lighting, lighting points, overhead lifting beams and drainage. Any other requirements shall be as detailed on the data sheets.

11. VENTILATION

- 11.1 Where the firewater pump packages have an integral enclosure, a ventilation system shall be provided to maintain the temperature of the enclosure at an acceptable level during operation. The ventilation fan shall be driven off the engine either directly or by the use of hydraulic transmission.
- 11.2 Where 'unenclosed' diesel engine powered firewater pump(s) are installed in dedicated rooms any requirement for connection (e.g. power and control) to ventilation systems will be specified by the purchaser in the data sheets.

12. DOCUMENTATION

- * 12.1 The purchaser will provide a list of documentation required.

The following is a suggested list of the documentation requirements:-

- (a) *General arrangements drawings showing main dimensions, weights, arrangement of components, package termination points and the minimum space for the erection and future maintenance of the fire water pump, driver and its ancillaries.*
- (b) *Foundation plan showing location and details of foundation bolts and static dynamic foundation loadings.*
- (c) *Electrical schematic, wiring and interconnection diagrams.*
- (d) *Comprehensive data sheets for all major items, including completed data sheets included in the enquiry/purchase order.*
- (e) *Installation, operation and maintenance instructions for all equipment included in the purchase order.*
- (f) *Pump performance curves.*
- (g) *Recommended list of commissioning spares and spares for two year operation. Recommended list of spares for five year operation.*
- (h) *Test reports and test certifications.*
- (i) *Utility usages including fuel consumption at pump rated output.*



As part of his bid the vendor shall include the information requested in (a), (b), (d), (f), (g), and (i) above. The information supplied under (b) may be in outline only.

These documents would be requested in the functional specification.



	Function	Ind	Alarm	Trip	Remote
CONTROLLER					
1.	Auto start switch off	R	X	-	X
2.	Battery No. 1 Healthy	G	-	-	-
3.	Battery No. 2 Healthy	G	-	-	-
4.	Charger No. 1 Healthy	G	-	-	-
5.	Charger No. 2 Healthy	G	-	-	-
6.	Duty Pump(s) selected	A	-	-	X
7.	Engine Running	G	-	-	X
8.	Panel on automatic	G	-	-	X
9.	Weekly test start due	A	X	-	X
10	Emergency Manual start selected	R	-	-	-
11	Battery fault/charger fault	R	X	-	C
**12	Pump at pressure	G	-	-	X
DIESEL					
1.	Failed to start	R	X	-	X
2.	Engine overspeed	R	X	X	C
3.	Oil pressure - Low	R	X	*	C
4.	Cooling water temperature - High	R	X	*	C
5.	Air intake valve - Closed	R	X	*	C
6.	Fuel tank level - Low	R	X	*	C
7	Secondary start pressure - Low	R	X	-	C
8	Jacket water level - Low	R	X	*	C
INTERFACE					
1.	Remote start	R	-	-	X
2.	Remote start inhibited (local)	Flag	-	-	X
AC SUPPLIES					
1.	AC mains on	N			
2.	Engine jacket water heater	N			
3.	Panel heater on	N			
4	Hydraulic Supply on	N			
HYDRAULIC PUMP					
1.	Hydraulic oil pump running	G	-	-	-
2.	Hydraulic oil flow failure	R	X	-	C
3	Hydraulic oil temperature - High	R	X	-	C
4	Hydraulic oil tank level - Low	R	X	-	C

* Trip in test mode only

** Signal from pressure switch supplied and mounted in discharge pipework by others
C = Common package fault
A = Amber indicator
G = Green indicator

N = Neon indicator
R = Red indicator

TABLE 1

PACKAGE INSTRUMENTATION INDICATOR LAMP/ALARM SUMMARY



DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

Definitions

Standardised definitions may be found in the BP Group RPSEs Introductory Volume.

Abbreviations

NPSH Net Positive Suction Head



LIST OF REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

A reference invokes the latest publish issue or amendment unless stated otherwise.

Referenced standards may be replaced by equivalent standards that are internationally or otherwise recognised provided that it can be shown to the satisfaction of the purchaser's professional engineer that they meet or exceed the requirements of the referenced standards.

API 610	Centrifugal Pumps for General Refinery Service.
BS 799 Part 5	Specification for Oil Storage Tanks
BS 4999 Part 109	General Requirements for Rotating Electrical Machines. Specification for Noise Levels including Test Methods
BS 5316 (ISO 2548)	Specification. Acceptance Test for Centrifugal, Mixed Flow and Axial Pumps.
BS 5514 (ISO 3046/1)	Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines: Performance Part 1: Specification for Standard Reference Conditions and Declarations of Power, Fuel Consumption and Lubricating Oil Consumption. Part 2: Test Methods
EEMUA Publications	140 Noise Procedure Specification. 141 Guide to the use of Noise Procedure Specification.
IEC 51	Direct Acting Indicating Analogue Electrical Measuring Instruments and their Accessories.
NFPA 20	National Fire Protection Association - Fire Pumps, Centrifugal
BP Group Documents	
BP Group GS 130-2	Electrical and Instrumentation Requirements for Rotating Machinery
BP Group GS 106-5	Painting of Offshore Packages

